

**Talk About It**

- How did solving  $3 + (-8)$  differ from solving  $3 - 8$ ?
- Discuss additive inverses. What is the additive inverse of  $-8$ ?

**What You Need to Know:** When you subtract rational numbers, you are actually adding the additive inverse. You can use variables to express this idea as a rule.

**Rule:**  $p - q = p + (-q)$ , or subtracting a number is the same as adding its additive inverse.

Let's apply this rule to a different kind of subtraction problem—one in which you are subtracting a *negative* number.

$$3 - (-8) = ?$$

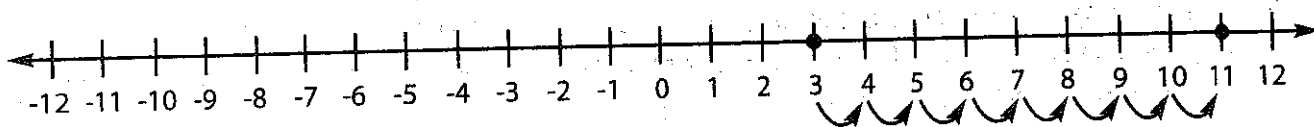
Begin by locating 3 on the number line. Will you move to the left or to the right from 3? Use the rule you just learned.

$$3 - (-8) = ?$$

$$3 + (+8) = ?$$

$$3 + 8 = ?$$

You will move 8 places to the right. (You count to the right because you are adding.)



You land on 11, the solution to the problem. So,  $3 - (-8) = 11$ .

**Try It:** Solve each problem below by using a number line and the rule  $p - q = p + (-q)$ .

1.  $10 + (-3) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $7 - (-8) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $6 + (-9) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $-3 - (-5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

